

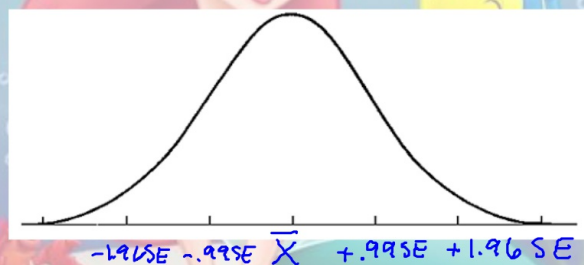
# AP Statistics

## Chapter 8: Estimating with Confidence

### Day 4

**HW: Lesson 4 Practice Worksheet**

## How To Find Mean Confidence Intervals When $\sigma$ Is Known



**Standard Error:**  $SE_{\bar{x}} = \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$

**Confidence Interval:**  $CI = \bar{x} \pm z * \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$

## The Conditions for Mean Confidence Intervals

- Is it a random sample?
- 10% condition to use the standard error formula.

$$n \leq \frac{1}{10} N$$

- Is the distribution normal or  $n \geq 30$  to use the  $z^*$  scores.

According to the central limit theorem, we can assume that this sample is approx. normal because  $n \geq 30$ .

- $n < 30$ , graph and check for outliers and skewness.

\*By hand

### Example

A bottling machine is operating with a standard deviation of 0.12 ounce. Suppose that an SRS of 36 bottles, the machine inserted an average of 16.1 ounces into each bottle. Find the 95% confidence interval for the mean number of ounces in all the bottles this machine fills.

$$\bar{x} = 16.1$$

$$z^* = 1.96$$

$$\sigma = .12$$

$$n = 36$$

$$CI = \bar{x} \pm z^* \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$= 16.1 \pm 1.96 \cdot \frac{.12}{\sqrt{36}}$$

$$(16.06, 16.14)$$

I am 95% confident that the average mean # of ounces in all the bottles this machine fills is between 16.06 and 16.14 ounces.

① As stated, this is an SRS.

②  $36 \leq \frac{1}{10} N \rightarrow 360$   
We can assume that there are at least 360 bottles.

③ According to the central limit theorem, we can assume that the sample is approx. normal because  $n \geq 30$ .

## Choosing a Sample Size

What if we want to choose a sample size that allows us to estimate a population mean within a given margin of error?

**Remember:**

$$CI = \bar{x} \pm z * \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$$

**So:**

$$z * \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \leq ME$$

## Example

Ball bearings are manufactured by a process that results in a standard deviation in diameter of 0.025 inch. What sample size should be chosen if we wish to be 99% sure of knowing the diameter to within 0.01 inch?

$$z^* = 2.576$$

$$\sigma = .025$$

$$n = ?$$

$$ME = .01$$

we should sample at least 42 ball bearings.

$$z^* \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \leq ME$$

$$\frac{2.576 \cdot .025}{2.576} \leq \frac{.01}{2.576}$$

$$\sqrt{n} \cdot .025 \leq .0039 \cdot \sqrt{n}$$

$$\frac{.025}{.0039} \leq \frac{.0039 \sqrt{n}}{.0039}$$

$$(6.41)^2 \leq (\sqrt{n})^2$$

$$41.47 \leq n$$